



GOLDEN BERRY NURSERY/PRIMARY SCHOOL
 "Be honest, faithful and wise."
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P-3 ENGLISH GRAMMAR SELF - STUDY LESSONS SET ONE

Use your English Grammar class workbook to write these lessons and do all the given activities correctly.

LESSON ONE

Dear learners, you are welcome to this lesson. We are going to learn about verbs.

- You are going to:**
- Define a verb and a tense
 - Give examples of verbs
 - Make sentences using verbs of different tenses.

Verbs

A verb is a doing word .e.g. play, go, sit, cook, wash, cover, eat

Types of verbs

1. Regular verbs
2. Irregular verbs

Regular verbs:- These are verbs which have their past tense and past participle change by adding "ed" or "d"

Read and learn these verbs

Verb	Continuous	Past	Perfect
dance	dancing	danced	danced
move	moving	moved	moved
remove	removing	removed	removed
trace	tracing	traced	traced
walk	walking	walked	walked
cook	cooking	cooked	cooked
pray	praying	prayed	prayed
collect	collecting	collected	collected
finish	finishing	finished	finished
add	adding	added	added
brush	brushing	brushed	brushed
work	working	worked	worked

talk	talking	talked	talked
kill	killing	killed	killed
want	wanting	wanted	wanted
open	opening	opened	opened
wash	washing	washed	washed
hang	hanging	hanged	hanged

Verbs which end with constant vowel constant (CVC) letters, we double the last letter and then add ".....ed"

Examples

Verb	Continuous	Past	Perfect
clap	clapping	clapped	clapped
mop	mopping	mopped	mopped
slap	slapping	slapped	slapped
stop	stopping	stopped	stopped
skip	skipping	skipped	skipped
drop	dropping	dropped	dropped

Some regular verbs which end with "y", we remove "y" and add "ied" to form the past tense and the past participle respectively.

Verb	Continuous	Past	Past participle
cry	crying	cried	cried
carry	carrying	carried	carried
hurry	hurrying	hurried	hurried
marry	marrying	married	married
dry	drying	dried	dried
empty	emptying	emptied	emptied
study	studying	studied	studied
copy	copying	copied	copied
fry	frying	fried	fried
dirty	dirtying	dirtyed	dirtyed

Use the correct word in brackets to complete the sentences.

1. We are _____English now. (study)
2. Byansi is _____the dustbin now. (empty)

3. Paul _____ eggs for breakfast yesterday. (fry)
4. John _____ the classroom yesterday. (hurry)
5. My mother _____ the basket last week. (carry)
6. My brother got _____ last year.(marry)

Lesson 2

Topic: Verbs and their tenses

Sub – topic : Verbs

Dear learners, you are welcome to this lesson. We are going to learn about irregular verbs and their tenses.

Irregular verbs

These are verbs which form their past tense and past participle differently.

Some verbs with the letter "i": Change "i" to "a" and "u" to form the past tense and past participle respectively.

Example

Verb	Continuous	Past	Past participle (has/ have/ had)
sing	singing	sang	sung
ring	ringing	rang	rung
swim	swimming	swam	swum
drink	drinking	drank	drunk

Some verbs change "i to u to form the past tense and past participle respectively

Verb	Continuous	Past	past participle (has/ have/ had)
swing	swinging	swung	swung
sting	stinging	stung	stung
dig	digging	dug	dug
wring	wringing	wrung	wrung
hang (item)	hanging	hung	hung

Some irregular verbs with double vowel letter "e" drop one "e" and add the letter "i" to form the past tense and past participle.

Verb	Continuous	Past	past participle (has/ have/ had)
sweep	sweeping	swept	swept
sleep	sleeping	slept	slept
kneel	kneeling	kneelt	kneelt
feel	feeling	felt	felt
creep	creeping	crept	crept
keep	keeping	kept	kept
weep	weeping	wept	wept

Exercise

Use the correct form of the words in brackets to complete the sentences.

1. My shops _____ yesterday after a long time (open)
2. The president _____ the country in March. (lockdown)
3. The COVID-19 task force _____ food to our family last week. (give)
4. The doctor _____ the medicine in the cupboard yesterday. (keep)
5. She is _____ corona virus now. (suffer)
6. I have _____ a very big snake.(see)
7. Our mother _____ a new pair of shoes. (buy)
8. The police has _____ the jam today. (cause)
9. Jane has _____ my little finger. (cut)
10. We _____ the Uganda National Anthem at the assembly. (sing)

LESSON 3**Topic** : Verbs and their tenses**Sub – topic** : Verbs**Dear learners, you are welcome to this lesson. We are going to learn about verbs. You are going to:**

- Form the past tense and past participle
- Make sentences using the given verbs
- Make sentences with verbs in different tenses.

The following verbs do not change to form their past tense and past participle.**These remain the same in both tenses.**

Verb	Continuous	Past	Perfect
cut	cutting	cut	cut
shut	shutting	shut	shut
put	putting	put	put
set	setting	set	set
hit	hitting	hit	hit
hurt	hurting	hurt	hurt
split	splitting	split	split
burst	bursting	burst	burst
cast	casting	cast	cast
broadcast	broadcasting	broadcast	broadcast

Some verbs form their past tense and past participle by adding 't'

Examples

burn	burning	burnt	burnt
learn	learning	learnt	learnt
dream	dreaming	dreamt	dreamt
spoil	spoiling	spoilt	spoilt
deal	dealing	dealt	dealt

Some irregular verbs form their past and perfect simply by adding "t"

Other irregular verbs

Verb	Continuous tense	Past tense	Past participle
fly	flying	flew	flown
teach	teaching	taught	taught
buy	buying	bought	bought
eat	eating	ate	eaten
make	making	made	made
wear	wearing	wore	worn
fear	fearing	feared	frowned
beat	beating	beat	beaten
hide	hiding	hid	hidden
ride	riding	rode	ridden
bit	biting	bit	bitten
tread	Treading	trod	trodden
shine	Shining	shone	shone

Exercise**Use the correct form of the word in the bracket to complete the sentences.**

1. My ball _____yesterday. (burst)
2. I _____my book here yesterday. (put)
3. Sarah is _____her bicycle now. (ride)
4. Mr. Ssentengo is _____the stubborn boy. (beat)
5. We _____English last week. (learn)
6. Anita _____a very good composition.(writes)
7. Tom has _____a very deep pit. (dig)
8. She _____matooke last night. (cook)
9. Sarah has _____to school (go)

Exercise

Use the correct form of the verb in brackets to complete the sentences in the

present simple tense.

- We _____ our home work every day. (do)
- Joan _____ that bag daily. (carry)
- He _____ late every night. (sleep)
- Juma _____ to the mosque every Friday. (go)
- We _____ our dormitories every day. (map)
- John usually _____ the library. (tidy)
- My young sister normally _____ her uniform. (dirty)
- Sarah _____ her shoes every morning. (shine)

LESSON 5

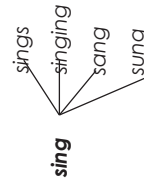
Topic : Verbs and their tenses

Sub – topic : Present Continuous Tense

Dear learners, you are welcome to this lesson. We are going to learn about verbs.

You are going to:

- Construct sentences in the present continuous tense.
- Change sentences into the present continuous tense.

Word web

The present continuous tense shows verbs/actions that are taking place now. Verbs which end with "e" drop "e" and we add "ing"

Examples

care	-	caring
love	-	loving
change	-	changing
use	-	using
hide	-	hiding
complete	-	completing
take	-	taking
give	-	giving
make	-	making

Verbs that end with consonant vowel consonant (CVC) letters, we double their last consonant and add "ing"

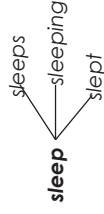
sit	-	sitting	dig	-	digging
run	-	running	begin	-	beginning
put	-	putting	cut	-	cutting
swim	-	swimming	let	-	letting
clap	-	clapping	swim	-	swimming
slap	-	slapping	clap	-	clapping
stop	-	stopping	slap	-	slapping
win	-	winning	stop	-	stopping
knit	-	knitting	win	-	winning

Other verbs

cook	-	cooking
play	-	playing
stay	-	staying

break
steal

breaking
stealing



Exercise

1. Complete these by adding "ing" correctly

Verb	Continuous tense	verb	Continuous
wife	_____	cut	_____
slap	_____	bite	_____
place	_____	invite	_____
give	_____	slap	_____
use	_____	shake	_____
let	_____	mistake	_____
shut	_____	knit	_____

2. Use the correct form of the verb in brackets to complete the sentences.

- Mummy is _____ food now. (cook)
- She is _____ under the bed. (hide)
- We are _____ to school. (run)
- It is _____ heavily in town. (rain)
- The children are _____ their books. (receive)
- Musa is _____ in his garden now. (dig)
- Isa is _____ his new bicycle. (ride)
- The boys are _____ football. (play)

LESSON 6.

Topic : Verbs and their tenses

Sub – topic : Present Continuous Tense

Dear learners, you are welcome to this lesson. We are going to learn about verbs.

You are going to;

- Construct sentences in the present continuous tense.
- Change sentences into the present continuous tense.

Word web

THE PRESENT CONTINUOUS

This tense is used when talking about actions which are taking place at that particular time.

He } use 'is' + the main verb ending with 'ing'

She }
It }

Example

- The dog **is barking** at the boys.
- Alice **is washing** utensils.

We }
They }
You }

Use 'are' + the main verb ending with 'ing'

Examples

- The girls **are playing** hide and seek.
- Ben and I **are going** to town.
- I **am drawing** a flower

Exercise

- I _____ home now. (go)
- We _____ for posho now. (fight)
- She _____ away from the debate now (run)
- They _____ a nice song now. (sing)
- It _____ very well now. (write)
- I _____ at John's shoes now. (laugh)
- We _____ down dancing now. (go)
- He _____ my cloths now. (wash)